# BATTERY INTERNAL RESISTANCE TESTER



# ES8020 USER MANUAL

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#### I. Safety rules and precautions

Thank you for purchasing our company's universal rechargeable battery internal resistance tester. In order to better use this product, please be sure to:

——Read this user manual in detail.

——Strictly follow the safety rules and precautions listed in this manual.

- $\diamond$  Please pay attention to the +/- polarity of the battery and do not insert it backwards.
- $\diamond$  Do not measure the battery voltage to exceed the upper limit of the meter.
- ☆ The meter displays the symbol "□ for low battery voltage, and it should be charged in time, otherwise it will cause measurement errors.
- ♦ When not in use for a long time, fully charge it every three months to ensure that the battery can still be used
- ♦ This instrument according to IEC61010 safety specifications for design, production, inspection.
- ✤ During measurement, to avoid errors please do not use high-frequency signal generators such as mobile phones near the meter.
- $\diamond$  Pay attention to the label text and symbols on the instrument.
- ✤ Do not place or store the meter for a long time in a place with high temperature, humidity, condensation, or under direct sunlight.
- $\diamond$  Pay attention to the measurement range and use environment specified by this instrument.
- ✤ The use, disassembly, calibration, and maintenance of this instrument must be operated by authorized personnel.
- ♦ Due to the reason of this instrument, if it is dangerous to continue to use, it should be stopped immediately and sealed up immediately. It is handled by an authorized organization.
- ✤ For the safety warning signs " / in the instrument and the manual, the user must strictly follow the contents of this manual for safe operation.
- $\diamond$  In any case, special attention should be paid to safety when using this instrument.

#### II. Introduction

Universal rechargeable battery internal resistance tester Abbreviation: battery internal resistance tester. It is a measuring instrument used to measure the internal resistance, voltage and temperature of rechargeable batteries such as lead storage batteries and lithium batteries to determine the health of the battery. It can also be used as a meter to measure the ESR parameters of electrolytic capacitors (for reference only). This meter uses the AC 4-terminal test method to measure the internal resistance of the battery, and can measure the correct measurement value without being affected by the contact resistance between the test wire, terminal and battery electrode. It also has functions such as data storage, data access, alarm, and automatic shutdown. The whole machine is high-grade and beautiful, with wide measuring range, high resolution, convenient operation, easy to carry, accurate, reliable, stable performance, and strong anti-interference ability. It is an indispensable instrument for battery production, battery installation, equipment production, equipment maintenance and other scenarios.

Universal rechargeable battery internal resistance tester controlled by a microprocessor, the internal 16-bit ADC can accurately detect battery internal resistance, voltage and temperature. It is characterized by measuring without stopping the UPS system, using AC low-resistance measurement and noise reduction technology, without stopping the normal operation of the device under test, and measuring under the running state, which greatly shortens the test time.At the same time, it has the functions of data storage, histogram display, data upload, computer, mobile phone, tablet and other smart devices Bluetooth connection for wireless measurement and data access.

#### III. Range and accuracy

	Accuracy guarantee period: 1 year
Accuracy	Accuracy guarantee period after calibration: 1 year
guarantee	Accuracy guaranteed temperature and humidity range: 23°C±5°C, below
conditions	80%RH
	Warm-up time: not required
<b>Temperature</b> Add test accuracy*0.1/°C within the operating temperature range (	
characteristics	18℃~28℃)
Excitation	Measuring current accuracy: ±25%
	Normal mode:1000Hz ± 5Hz Avoid noise frequency mode:920Hz~1080Hz
signal	(Using multi-stage noise reduction technology to effectively filter out noise
accuracy	interference of different frequencies or near the same frequency)

#### 3.1 Resistance measurement accuracy

Range	Maximum display	Resolution	Test accuracy	Measuring current
3 m Ω	3.100 m Ω	1 u Ω	$\pm 1$ % fs. $\pm 20$ dgt.	200 mA
30 m Ω	31.00 m Ω	10 u Ω		200 mA
300 m Ω	310.0 m Ω	100 u Ω	$\pm 0.5$ % fs. $\pm 15$ dgt.	20 mA
3 Ω	3.100 Ω	1 m Ω		2 mA

#### **3.2 Voltage measurement accuracy**

Range	Maximum display	Resolution	Test accuracy
7 V	±7.100 V	1 mV	±0.2 % fs. ±10 dgt.
70 V	±71.00 V	10 mV	

#### **3.3 Temperature measurement accuracy**

Range	Maximum display	Resolution	Test accuracy
<b>-10.0℃~60.0℃</b>	<b>60.0</b> ℃	<b>0.1</b> ℃	±1.0℃

Note:

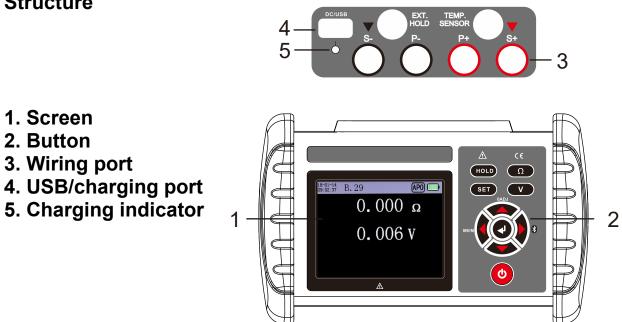
The above accuracy guarantee is limited to the factory standard test leads. When using non-standard test leads or extension cables, this accuracy table is also applicable after zero adjustment.

# **IV. Technical Specification**

-	Pattery internal registered manufacturement, bettery voltage	
Function	Battery internal resistance measurement, battery voltage measurement, temperature measurement	
Accuracy		
guaranteed temperature and humidity 23°C±5°C, Below 75%rh		
Power supply	DC 3.7V lithium battery	
Resistance resolution	1 u Ω	
Voltage resolution	1 mV	
Temperature resolution	<b>0.1℃</b>	
	Internal resistance measurement:0.000m $\Omega$ ~3.100 $\Omega$ (4 ranges configuration)	
Measuring range	Voltage measurement: 0.000V~±71.00V (2range configuration)	
	Temperature measurement: $-10.0^{\circ}$ C~60.0°C (single range configuration)	
Maximum input	DC 70V (between + measurement terminal and - measurement	
voltage	terminal), no AC input Internal resistance measurement: 1KHz AC 4-terminal test	
Measurement method	<ul> <li>method, open-circuit terminal voltage 3V max</li> <li>Measuring current: 2.0mA~200mA (different measuring currents in different ranges)</li> <li>Temperature measurement: NTC temperature sensor (10KΩ at 26°C)</li> <li>A/D conversion method: successive approximation type</li> <li>Display update frequency: 5 times/second</li> </ul>	
Response time	200ms	
Measure time	About 2 seconds	
LCD Size	70.1mm×52.6mm /3.5 inches (320*240 resolution 16-bit true color screen)	
Instrument size	190mm×121mm×51mm	
USB interface	With a USB interface, the stored data can be uploaded to the computer, saved and printed	
Bluetooth connection	Yes	
Hold and store function	Manual retention and storage, automatic retention and storage	
Measurement judgment function	Pre-set PASS, WARNING, FAIL judgment thresholds	
Battery voltage	The battery level is displayed in 5 bars, reminding to charge in time when the battery voltage is low	
Automatic shut-down	No operation when power on, it will power off automatically after about 15 minutes (can be turned off in the settings)	
Power	300mA MIN / 500mA MAX	

consumption		
Weight	Meter: 480g (With battery)	
Working temperature and humidity-10℃~40℃; below 80%RH		
Storage temperature and humidity	-20℃~60℃;below 70%RH	
Insulation resistance	Above 20M $\Omega$ (500V between circuit and case)	
Withstand voltage         AC 3700V/RMS (between circuit and case)		
External magnetic field	<40A/m	
External electric field	<1V/m	
Suitable for safety regulations	IEC 61010	

V. Structure



# VI. Interface display

### Interface icon and symbol description

	Indicates the remaining power and charging status of the meter battery
APO	Indicates that the current instrument has turned on the automatic shutdown function, which is turned on by default
*	Indicates that the current instrument has turned on Bluetooth data, and it is turned off by default
AHOLD	Indicates that the instrument has automatically maintained data
HOLD	Indicates that the instrument has manually retained data
A.21	Indicates that the currently used memory is A, and there are 21 sets of data in A memory
FULL	If a single memory is full of 500 groups and continue to measure, the screen will display "FULL" and no more data will be stored
FAIL	Indicates that the current measurement result is judged as FAIL failed
WARNING	Indicates that the current measurement result is judged as a WARNING warning
PASS	Indicates that the current measurement result is judged as PASS passed
OADJ	Indicates that the current measurement result has subtracted the initial line resistance
NHW SE	Indicates that the software filtering function has been turned on, and the digital change is slower than the normal mode, and it is closed by default
OAuto	Indicates that the instrument has turned on the automatic shift function, which is turned on by default
	Indicates that the current measured voltage has exceeded the safety voltage of the human body, please pay attention to safety

#### VII. Measuring principle

#### 7.1 Principle of AC 4-terminal test method

An AC current I with a frequency of 1KHz flows between the positive and negative electrodes of the battery, and the AC voltage difference V between the positive and negative electrodes of the battery is measured, and the internal resistance of the battery is calculated according to the formula R=V/I. In order to ensure the measurement accuracy, the two current electrodes (S). The two voltage poles (P) should be in contact with the positive and negative poles of the battery independently, and the correct measurement value can be obtained without wire resistance or contact resistance.

#### 7.2 Principle of voltage measurement

After the sampling resistor divides the pressure and the noise is filtered out, the ADC samples and calculates and corrects the measured value through the program.

#### 7.3 Principle of temperature measurement

The voltage divider network composed of NTC temperature sensor and Rx, Rx is a constant, but NTC changes its resistance with temperature changes, and the actual temperature value is obtained by measuring the partial pressure voltage and bringing it into the NTC temperature conversion formula.

#### **VIII. Operation Method**

#### 8.1 Switch machine and automatic shutdown

Press
 Power on /off

• If the automatic shutdown function is turned on, and no key is pressed within 15 minutes after starting up, the meter will automatically shut down to save power. If any key is pressed during the 15-minute timer, it will be extended by another 15 minutes. This function can be turned off in the settings, the factory default is turned on, and APO will be displayed when turned on.

#### 8.2 Test interface operation

In the test interface, you can view the current instrument time, measured value, and instrument status information. The functions of the operation buttons are as follows:

Key symbol	Short press	Long press
HOLD	Keep data	
Enter the settings menu		
Ω	Resistance measurement shift	

V	Voltage measurement shift	Display voltage (+press enter to return to zero)
	Zero set or cancel zero	
	Turn automatic gear shift on or off	
	Enter data reading mode	
	Turn Bluetooth on or off	
4	Turn software filtering on or off	NOICE/Normal mode switch

#### 8.3 Setting menu interface operation

Press SET on the test interface to enter the setting directory interface. In the setting directory interface, you can select the items to be set and view the basic information of the instrument.

	Select the item to be set
4	Choose to enter

#### 1) Threshold setting

The threshold setting interface can set the thresholds for judging the test results FAIL, WARNING and PASS. Setting an appropriate threshold can improve the efficiency of judgment and test.

	Switch settings	
L>	Enter or exit the current setting item	
	Digital displacement	
	Addition and subtraction value	
SET	return	

#### 2) Alarm settings

The alarm setting interface can set the buzzer prompt mode when the test is completed.

	Select the alarm function	
L.	Save and return	
SET	Return	

#### 3) Storage settings

The storage setting interface can be set to maintain, storage mode, memory selection, there are a total of ABCDEFGHIJ ten storage options, if the current memory is full of 500 sets of data, the memory is full (FULL symbol) when storing data, you need to manually set other memory or Only after deleting the current memory data can the new measurement data be stored.

	Select function	
L	Change settings or select memory	
	Choose another storage	
SET	Return	

#### 4) Shifting method

Shift mode setting interface can choose manual shift or automatic shift measurement

mode. The gear shift mode can also be quickly changed by pressing the  $\checkmark$  button on the test interface. The icon on the test interface indicates that the machine has turned on the automatic gear shift function.

	Select function
4	Save and return
SET	Return

#### 5) Clock setting

The clock setting interface can set the time of the instrument. The time display format of this instrument is XX (year)-XX (month)-XX (day) XX (hour): XX (minute): XX (second), or through our company The supporting software is connected to the computer or mobile phone to synchronize the time of the instrument with one button.

Arrow keys	Select the item to be set	
L	Set selection items	
	Change the value of the selected value	
	Check other values	
HOLD	Effective current setting time	
SET	Return	

#### 6) Energy saving settings

The energy-saving setting interface can set the display brightness of the instrument and turn on and off the automatic shutdown function

	Set selection items	
	Change the backlight brightness	
L•	Turn automatic shutdown on or off	
SET	Return	

#### 7) About the instrument

You can view the basic information of the current instrument on this page, and press the SET key to return to the setup menu interface.

#### 8.4 Measurement procedure

#### Internal resistance measurement:

1) Connect the test line to the meter, and connect the indication mark (small arrow) of the test line and the indication mark (small arrow) on the machine according to the corresponding color.

2) Set the instrument parameters, refer to 8.3.1 and 8.3.2.

3) If you use a test line other than the standard configuration, short-circuit the four-wire clamp of the test line, and then press the key **a** to adjust the zero calibration.

- 4) Clamp the test wire to the electrode of the battery and start the test.
- 5) Wait for the value to stabilize to read the test result.

#### Voltage measurement:

This meter can also be used as a DC voltmeter. You only need to connect the two red and black ports in the middle to measure the DC voltage. Be careful not to measure the AC voltage or the DC voltage that does not exceed 70V.

(When the resistance shows "——", the voltage must be greater than 0.17 to display the value, otherwise only the "——" symbol will be displayed)

(When the short-circuit test lead V+V- has residual voltage or the measurement has deviation, the manual voltage can be adjusted to zero. The operation method is to first short the test lead V+V-, then long press the "V" key and hold it, then press the back button. Press the car button, hear the buzzer beep, zero adjustment is completed)

#### **Temperature measurement:**

Insert the temperature sensor into the TEMP.SENSOR interface, the display interface can display the temperature, and the sensor will not be displayed if it is not connected.

#### 8.5 Data storage

The data storage function needs to turn on the "Keep Storage" function in the settings (please refer to section 8.3.3), and it is turned on by default at the factory. It will automatically number and store a set of data each time manual HOLD or automatic HOLD. This meter has 10 data memories. Numbers A~J can be selected in the settings. When all memories are full, it can store 5000 data records.

It should be noted that when a memory continues to measure after 500 sets are stored, the HOLD data is no longer saved in the memory, and the user needs to manually switch to another memory or delete the memory data before saving.

Memory number	Store records/items
A	500
В	500
С	500
D	500
E	500
F	500
G	500
Н	500
Ι	500
J	500

#### 8.6 Data access and deletion

On the test page, press the key  $\blacksquare$  to enter the reader selection interface, follow the prompts on the page to operate the instrument to select the reader to enter the histogram interface, press the key  $\blacksquare$  on the reader selection interface to delete the current reader data, and you can choose whether to delete it according to the prompts.

As shown in Figure 8-1, each page of the histogram interface can display 10 measurement records, which can visually analyze the internal resistance of the batch of batteries. You can use the  $\blacksquare$  or  $\blacksquare$  to move the reading cursor left and right. The item selected by the cursor can read the specific information of battery internal resistance, voltage, temperature and test time. You can also use the  $\blacksquare$  or  $\blacksquare$  to scroll through pages.

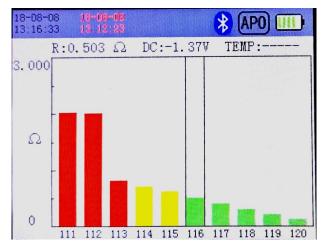


Figure 8-1 Histogram interface

#### 8.7 Communication with PC

Please confirm before use: 1. The USB driver has been installed.

- 2. EXCEL software is installed in the computer.
- 3. The host computer software in the CD has been installed.

Use the attached USB cable to connect the instrument to the computer. After opening the software, it will automatically search for the COM port and automatically connect. During this period, it may take a few seconds to ten seconds. After the connection is successful, it can read real-time measurement values, read historical measurement records, Synchronize the computer time to the meter and other functions.

#### 8.8 Communicate with smartphone or tablet

Please confirm before use: 1. The phone or tablet system version is Android 5.0 or higher

2. The 《Battery Internal Resistance Tester》 APP is installed in the smart device.

In the measurement interface of the meter, press turn on the Bluetooth function. The smart phone must also turn on the Bluetooth, and then open the APP. Search for "BRT" (abbreviation of Battery Resistance Tester) and connect. After the connection is successful, functions such as wireless measurement and data browsing can be realized.

#### IX. Noise frequency avoidance function

#### 9.1 Applicable occasions

When measuring the battery of the UPS uninterruptible power supply and the battery uninterruptible power supply, the noise frequency generated by the load at or near 1000Hz overlaps with the measurement frequency of the UPS, resulting in measurement instability. Enable this function to automatically avoid the noise frequency.

#### 9.2 Turn On/Off

In normal mode, hold down the key 🛃 to open, and hold down the key again to exit.

After turned on, the display icon indicates that the current mode is noise avoidance

frequency; **FREO** blinking indicates that the frequency is being converted and the interference

frequency is being identified; **FREO** stopping blinking and disappearing indicates that the noise

frequency is being avoided and the internal resistance is being tested; the progress of a complete test is indicated by the red progress bar at the bottom of the screen.

(The longest time to measure a round: 1.5s\*3\*18+1=82s the longest time to measure a round is about 82 seconds, when there is no interference)

(The fastest time to measure a round: 1.5s\*2+1=4s the shortest time to measure a round is about 4 seconds, which is when the interference is close to 1000Hz)

Note: This mode takes a long time to test. If there is no noise frequency, please do not use this function.

After completing a measurement, there are four frequency test displays below the icon, which are shown in sequence:

1. The difference between the output frequency of the first round and the noise frequency.

- 2. Difference between the output frequency of the second round and the noise frequency.
- 3. The calculated noise frequency.

4. Frequency of this test.

Sometimes, it may be impossible to avoid all the noise frequencies due to the specific situation of noise. When the identification of noise frequencies fails, item 1/2/3 above shows Fail and the progress bar turns yellow. In this case, you can manually select the measurement frequency by long press or whether the order of the select a more stable value as the result.

#### 9.3 Single/cyclic identification of noise frequency

After turning on the noise avoidance frequency mode, press the key **L** to turn on or off rolling measurement, that is, to identify the interference frequency cycle, to avoid the interference

frequency test, and display the icon 4 after turning on; If it is not enabled, it will only identify

the interference frequency for the first time, and then avoid the interference frequency test all the time. It will be turned off by default.

#### X. Maintenance and service

#### 10.1 Battery

1) When the battery voltage is too low, the battery symbol "

forced to shut down after one minute to protect the battery. Please charge it in time to ensure measurement accuracy.

- 2) Charging is about 5 hours from to use electric charge. Whether the battery is fully charged depends on the charging indicator. The red light means charging, and the green light means it is fully charged.
- 3) When the battery is fully charged, it can be used continuously for 4 to 8 hours, and the screen brightness and different load power consumption are also different; assuming that the 3Ω range is used all the time and the screen brightness is adjusted to the lowest level, the maximum output current is about 8 hours.
- 4) When the boot screen flashes, the screen goes black. It may be that the battery power is not enough to boot. Please charge it fully before starting the measurement.
- 5) The battery life of the new meter can be charged and discharged about 500 times. When the battery is not durable, you can contact the meter dealer to replace it. Do not replace it yourself.

#### 10.2 Repair, inspection and cleaning

# A Warning

Please do not modify, disassemble or repair. Otherwise, it may cause fire, electric shock or personal injury. If you disassemble or remodel it yourself, you will be deemed to have given up the one-year free warranty service.

#### 1) Calibration

The calibration cycle varies depending on the customer's usage conditions or environment. It is recommended to determine the calibration cycle according to the customer's use condition or environment, and entrust our company to perform calibration on a regular basis.

#### 2) Clean

When cleaning the instrument, please use a soft cloth dipped in a small amount of water or neutral detergent, and then wipe it gently. Please gently wipe the display area with a dry soft cloth.

Please do not use gasoline, alcohol, acetone, ether, methyl ketone, thinner and detergent containing gasoline. Otherwise it will cause the instrument to be deformed or discolored.

#### 3) Transport

In order to avoid secondary injury caused by impact during transportation, double packaging must be carried out. We do not guarantee the damage caused by transportation.

When returning for repair, please write down the fault content and the return address, contact person, telephone and other necessary information in paper with the instrument and send it back to us.

# QuestionAnswerWhy is the time of the meter<br/>inaccurate?The internal clock system is powered by the battery of the<br/>meter, not a button battery. Therefore, the clock system<br/>needs to be fully charged to work normally. If it is not used<br/>for a long time, it should be charged once every 3 months.Why does it keep displaying "-----"<br/>during measurement?Please check whether the test line is well connected, and<br/>whether the interface is fully plugged in. Generally, "-----" will<br/>be displayed when the loop is not connected.What does it mean to show OL?The measurement is out of range

#### 10.3 Common problem

What capacity (Ah) battery internal	This meter uses AC signals for measurement, and DC
resistance and voltage can be	current does not flow into the meter. Therefore, there is no
measured?	restriction on the capacity (Ah) of the battery under test.

#### **XI. Packing List**

Meter	1pcs
Test line	1 set
USB	1pcs
charger	1pcs
Monitoring software CD	1pcs
Instructions, warranty	1set
Instrument box	1pcs

# Appendix

# Appendix 1 Influence of Eddy Current

The AC current generated by this induced will be induced on the test line.

Since the induced voltage and the AC current (reference signal) differ by 180 degrees in phase angle, it cannot be eliminated by synchronous detection, which leads to measurement errors.

The influence of eddy current is a phenomenon unique to resistance meters for AC measurement. In order to avoid this effect, do not place metal plates near the test line (where it splits into two strands), and avoid close to metal plates.

#### Appendix 2 Influence of extension cord and induced voltage

The quality and structure of the test cable have a certain impact on the measurement results. If you need to extend the test cable, please use the test cable recommended by our company.

#### How to reduce induced voltage

Since this meter uses AC to measure small resistance, it is susceptible to the influence of induced voltage. The induced voltage mentioned here refers to the voltage that the current generated by this instrument affects the signal system through the electromagnetic coupling formed inside the wire.

Since the induced voltage and the AC current (reference signal) have a 90-degree phase angle, when the level is small, it can be completely eliminated by the synchronous detection circuit, but when the level is large, it will cause signal distortion and fail to perform correct synchronous detection. The extension of the test line will increase the induced voltage. Therefore, to reduce the level of the induced voltage, the length of the test line must be shortened as much as possible. Especially shortening the bifurcation into two parts, the effect is better. Even if a standard test lead is used, but in the  $3m\Omega$  range, if the wire configuration changes significantly during the zero adjustment and the range, the measured value will be affected by the induced voltage and produce approximately 20dgt. fluctuations.