

FT0320 Professional WiFi Weather Station

User Manual

1. Introduction.....	1
2. Warnings and Cautions.....	1
3. Getting Started.....	1
3.1 Parts List.....	1
3.2 Recommend Tools.....	4
3.3 Sensor Assembly Set Up.....	4
3.3.1 Wind Vane Installation.....	5
3.3.2 Wind Cup Installation.....	6
3.3.3 Rain Gauge Installation.....	7
3.3.4 Battery Installation.....	8
3.3.5 Reset Integrated Outdoor Sensor.....	8
3.3.6 Install Thermo-hygrometer Sensor Battery.....	8
3.4 Display Console.....	10
3.4.1 Layout of Display Console.....	10
3.4.2 Setup the Display Console.....	12
3.4.3 Connect Sensors with Display Console.....	12
3.5 Sensor Operation Verification.....	13
3.6 WiFi Setup Guide.....	14
4. Sensors Pre-Installation.....	14
4.1 Test the Sensors Before Installation.....	14
4.2 Site Survey Before Installation.....	14
4.3 Best Practices for Wireless Communication.....	15
5. Final Installation of Sensors.....	16
5.1 Integrated outdoor Sensor Installation.....	16
5.2 Thermo-hygrometer Sensor Installation.....	19
6. Low Battery Icon.....	19
7. Display Console Operation.....	19
7.1 Quick Display Mode.....	19
7.2 Set (Program) Mode.....	21

7.3 Chanel Selection Mode.....	23
7.4 Sensors Search Mode.....	23
7.5 Max/Min Viewing and Reset Mode.....	24
7.6 Snooze Mode.....	25
7.7 Backlight Mode.....	25
8. Alarm Mode.....	26
8.1 Alarm Triggered.....	27
8.2 View High/Low Alarm Value.....	27
8.3 Setting the Alarms.....	27
8.4 Alarm and Key Beeper ON/OFF.....	29
9. Optional Calibration Mode.....	29
9.1 Calibration of Temperature Mode.....	30
9.2 Calibration of Humidity Mode.....	30
9.3 Calibration of Sensors Mode.....	31
10. Other Features of Display Console.....	35
10.1 Weather Forecasting.....	35
10.2 Weather Icons.....	36
10.3 Moon Phase.....	36
10.4 Feels Like and AT Temperature	37
10.5 Pressure Threshold Setting.....	38
10.6 Restore Factory Default.....	38
11. Maintenance.....	38
12. Trouble Shooting Guide.....	41
13. Specifications.....	42

1.Introduction

Thank you for your purchase of the Professional WiFi Wireless Weather Station. The following user guide provides step by step instructions for installation, operation and troubleshooting.

2.Warnings and Cautions

⚠ Warning: Any metal object may attract a lightning strike, including your weather station mounting pole. Never install the weather station in a storm.


⚠ Warning: Installing your weather station in a high location may result in injury or death. Perform as much of the initial check out and operation on the ground and inside a building or home. Only install the weather station on a clear, dry day.

3.Getting Started









The weather station consists of a display console, a sensor array with Integrated Outdoor Sensors, a remote thermo-hygrometer sensor and mounting hardware.

3.1 Parts List

The weather station consists of the following parts (as referenced in Figure 1).

QTY	Item	Image
1	Display Console Frame Dimensions : 8.47x6.22x0.87inch (215x158x22mm) LCD Dimensions: 6.7x4.9inch(170x125mm)	

QTY	Item	Image
1	Integrated Outdoor Transmitter Dimensions: 15x7.1x11inch (380x180x280mm)	
1	Remote Thermo-hygrometer Transmitter Dimensions: 2.95x2.1x0.87inch (75x53x22mm)	
1	Wind Vane Dimensions:6.7x1.6x2inch (170x40 x 50mm)	
1	Wind Cup Dimensions: 5.1x 5.1x1.6inch (130x130x40mm)	
1	Rain Funnel Dimensions:4.7x2.8inch (Φ120x70mm)	
4	Washer(Metal gasket)	
4	Pole Mounting U-bolt Nuts (M5)	

QTY	Item	Image
2	U-Bolt (M5) Dimensions: 2.4x2.4x0.2inch (60x60x5mm)	
1	L-shaped Stainless Steel base Dimensions: 3x1.6x0.6inch (75x40x15mm)	
1	Wrench (M5) Dimensions: 2.6x0.8x0.08inch (65x20x2mm)	
1	Screwdriver (M3) Dimensions: 0.4x3.5inch (Φ10x90mm)	
2	Wind Vane and wind Cup mounting screws (Ø3) Dimensions: M2*6mm(0.23inch)	
2	Wind Vane and wind Cup Waterproof rubber plug Dimensions: 0.16x0.12inch (Φ4 x 3mm)	
1	Manual	
1	Power Adapter	



QTY	Item	Image
1	Stainless Steel Mounting Pole Dimensions: $\Phi 38 \times 270 \text{mm}$ (Optional)	

Figure 1

3.2 Recommend Tools

- Precision screwdriver (for small Phillips screws)
- Compass or GPS (for wind direction calibration)
- Adjustable Wrench
- Hammer and nail for hanging remote Thermo-hygrometer transmitter.

3.3 Sensor Assembly Set Up

 **Note:** The outdoor sensor array must be powered and updating before powering up the console, or the console will stop scanning and connecting with the sensors.

The following illustration shows the full segment of integrated outdoor sensors, as shown in Figure 2.

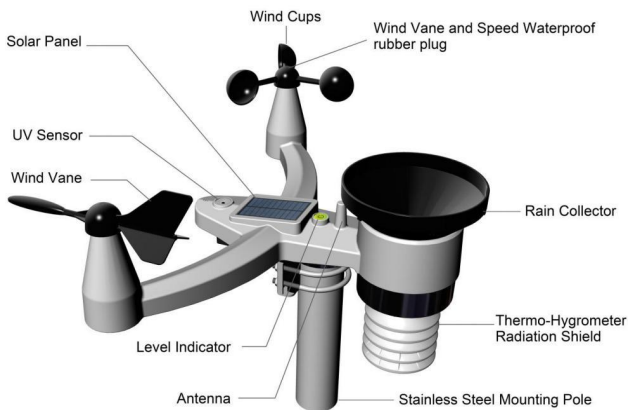


Figure 2

3.3.1 Wind Vane Installation

1) Find the “ S ” Letter on the wind vane shaft.

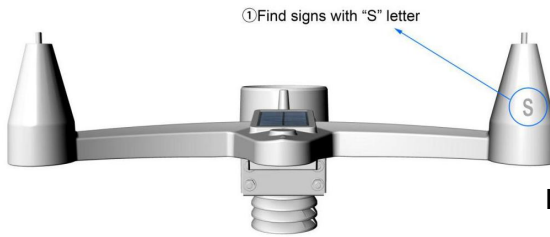


Figure 3

2) Align the wind vane with the shaft axle and push into the top of the wind vane sensor.



Figure 4

3) Tighten the set screw with screwdriver, until the wind vane cannot be removed from the axle.

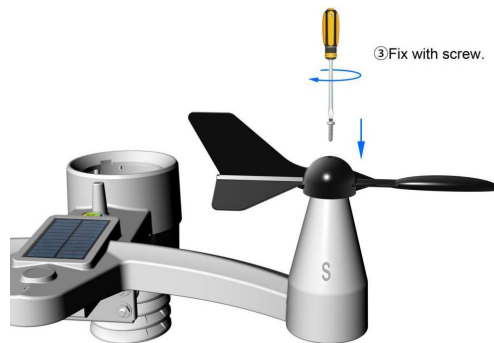


Figure 5

4) Insert the waterproof rubber plug into the wind vane hole and rotate to make sure it spin freely.

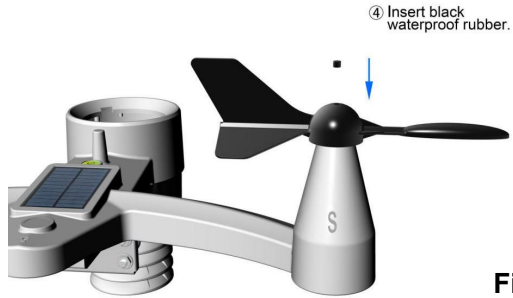


Figure 6

3.3.2 Wind Cup Installation

1) Align the wind cup with the shaft axle and push into the top of the wind speed sensor.

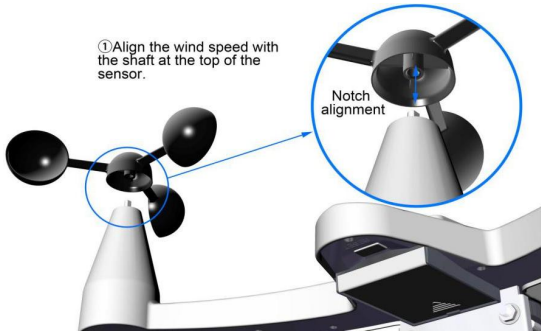


Figure 7

2) Tighten the set screw with screwdriver, until the wind van cannot be removed from the axle.

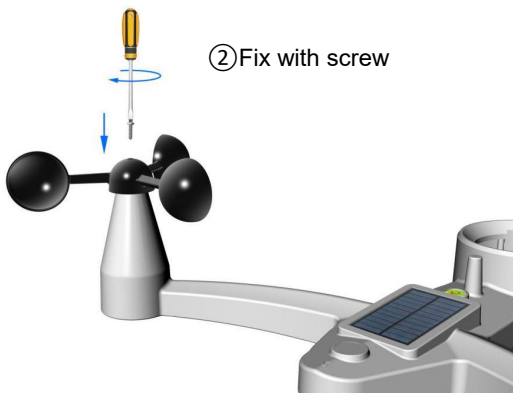


Figure 8

3) Insert the waterproof rubber plug into the wind vane hole and rotate to make sure it spins freely.

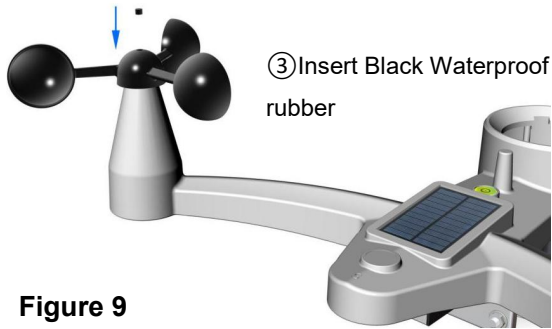


Figure 9

3.3.3 Rain Gauge Installation

1) Align the rain collector with the bucket notch and push into the top of the bucket.

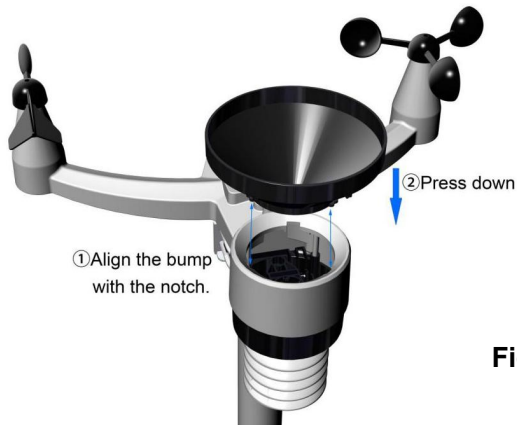


Figure 10

2) Rotate the rain collector clockwise and make sure it is installed tightly.

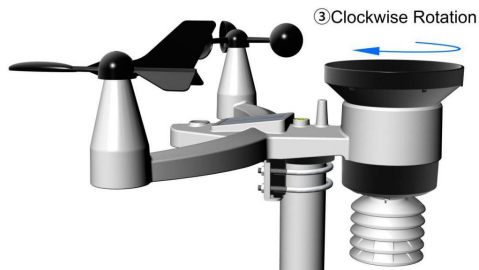


Figure 11

3.3.4 Battery Installation

1) Locate the battery door on the back, **push outwards firstly and push upwards** to open the battery door.

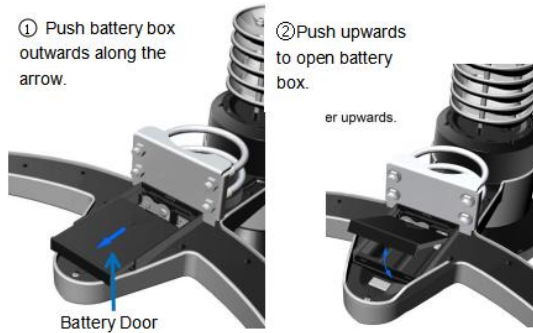



Figure 12

3.3.5 Reset Integrated Outdoor Sensor

 **Note:** If the sensor does not power up after inserting batteries, press the reset button as shown in Figure 13.

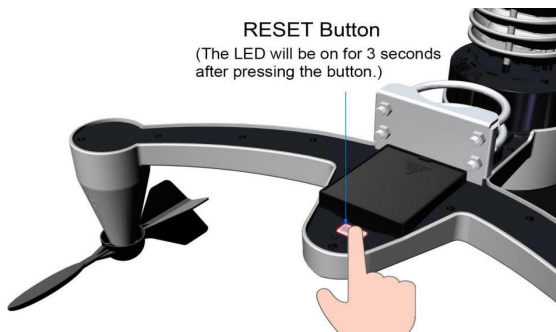


Figure 13

3.3.6 Install Thermo-hygrometer Sensor Battery.

Remove the battery door on the back of the sensor, as shown in Figure 14.



Figure 14

1. BEFORE inserting the batteries, locate the dip switches on the inside cover of the lid of the transmitter.

The Figure 15 displays all four switches in The OFF position (factory default setting)

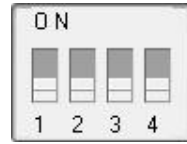


Figure 15

2. Channel Number: The weather station supports up to eight transmitters. To set each channel number (the default is Channel 1), change Dip Switches 1, 2 and 3, as referenced in Table 1.

3. Temperature Units of Measure: To change the transmitter display units of measure ($^{\circ}\text{F}$ vs. $^{\circ}\text{C}$), change Dip Switch 4 as referenced in Table 1.

DIP SWITCH				FUNCTION
1	2	3	4	
DOWN	DOWN	DOWN	---	Channel 1
DOWN	DOWN	UP	---	Channel 2
DOWN	UP	DOWN	---	Channel 3
DOWN	UP	UP	---	Channel 4
UP	DOWN	DOWN	---	Channel 5
UP	DOWN	UP	---	Channel 6
UP	UP	DOWN	---	Channel 7
UP	UP	UP	---	Channel 8
---	---	---	DOWN	$^{\circ}\text{F}$
---	---	---	UP	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Table 1

4. Insert two AAA batteries. (with the negative terminal of the battery in contact with each spring). Lithium batteries are recommended for cold weather environments., as shown in Figure 14.

5. After inserting the new batteries, the remote sensor LED indicator will light for 4 seconds, and then flash once per 60 seconds thereafter. Each time it flashes, the remote sensor is transmitting data.

6. Verify the correct channel number (CH) and temperature units of measure (°F vs. °C) are on the display, as shown in Figure 16.

- (1) temperature
- (2) temperature units (°F vs. °C)
- (3) channel number
- (4) relative humidity

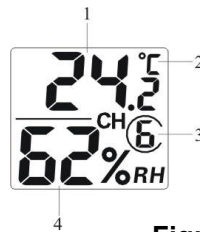



Figure 16

7. Close the battery door and and make sure the door is closed properly.

8. Each time you change the temperature unit and the channel, you have to take out of batteries firstly before switching C/F button and Channel, otherwise when batteries installed the switch of C/F button will not be effective.

 **Note:** We recommend fresh lithium batteries for sensors. When outdoor temperature is lower than -4 °F (-20 °C), the battery might not work properly.

3.4 Display Console

3.4.1 Layout of Display Console

The following illustration shows the LCD display for feature description purposes only in Figure 17.



Figure 17

1. Outdoor temperature display
2. WIFI network
3. Outdoor humidity display
4. Outdoor humidity HI/LO alarm icon
5. Min/Max reset for 24h icon
6. Rainfall display(RATE, 24h, WEEK,MONTH, TOTAL)
7. Rainfall units of measure
8. Indoor temperature and humidity HI/LO alarm icon
9. Indoor temperature and humidity display
10. Time alarm icon
11. Time and date
12. Humidity units of measure (%)
13. UV Index display
14. Sunshine intensity
15. MOON phase
16. Sunlight units of measure
17. Sensor Heat index display
18. Sensor Heat index(heat index; dew point)
19. Outdoor temperature and humidity display
20. Scroll mode indicator
21. Channel 1-8 indicator
22. Pressure (REL and ABS) display
23. Pressure units of measure
24. Wind speed average display
25. Wind gust display
26. Wind speed units of measure
27. Wind chill and feels like HI/LO alarm icon
28. Wind direction
29. OUT dew point and AT(Apparent Temperature) display icon
30. Integrated outdoor transmitter Low power indicator
31. Temperature units (°F or °C)
32. Outdoor temperature HI/LO alarm icon
33. Weather forecast

3.4.2 Setup the Display Console

1. Plug in the display console with power adapter.

BL ON will display in the time area for three seconds when powered up.


 **Note:** It is recommended to plug in the power adapter to reduce the battery consumption and extend the service life



Figure 18

2. Display Console Batteries Installation

Remove the battery door on the back of the display, as shown in Figure 19. Install three AAA (alkaline or lithium) batteries. The display will beep once and layout of display will light up for a few seconds to verify all segments are operating properly.

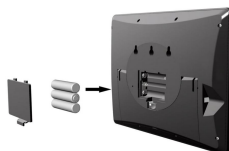




Figure 19



Replace the battery door, and unfold out the desk stand to place the console in the upright position

 **Note:** The battery is a back-up of weather station console, saving console settings when powered off from adaptor

3.4.3 Connect Sensors with Display Console

Once the display console is powered up, it will automatically scan all the nearby Integrated Outdoor sensors and the Thermo-hygrometer Sensors.


 **Note:** Do not press any button until all the remote sensors report in the display screen, otherwise the display console will terminate to connect with remote sensors.

 **Note:** While in the search mode, the remote search icon  will be constantly displayed until all the measured values received. The console will automatically switch to the normal mode from which all further settings can be performed.

When connected with the Integrated Outdoor Sensor, the measured value (Outdoor temperature, humidity, wind speed, wind direction, wind gust and average, rainfall, UV and Sunlight index, Dew point and feels like) will show up on the display console.

When connected with the Thermo-hygrometer Sensor, the measured value (Sensor temperature, humidity, heat index and dew point) will show up on right bottom of the display console.

If you have more than one thermo-hygrometer sensors, the display will automatically toggle between sensors until all sensors have reported in.

 **Note:** Make sure that the distance between weather station sensors and display console should be within 10ft (3m) to 100ft (30m). If the weather station sensors is too close or too far away, it may not receive a proper signal. If you have more than one Thermo-hygrometer sensor, make sure that they are all powered up and transmitting on different channels.

3.5 Sensor Operation Verification

The following steps verify proper operation of the sensors prior to install the sensor array.

1. Verify proper operation of the rain gauge. Tip the Integrated outdoor sensor back and forth several times. You will hear a “ticking” sound within the rain gauge. Verify the rain reading on the display

console is not reading 0.00. Each “ticking” represents 0.01 inch of rainfall.

2. Verify proper operating of the wind speed. Rotate the wind cups manually or with a constant speed fan. Verify the wind speed is not reading 0.0.

3. Verify proper operation of in/outdoor temperature. Verify the indoor and outdoor temperature match closely with the console and sensor array in the same location (about 5 to 10’ (1.5 to 3 meters) apart). The sensors should be within 4°F /2°C (the accuracy is ± 2°F/1°C). Allow about 30 minutes for both sensors to stabilize.

4. Verify proper operation of in/outdoor humidity. Verify the indoor and outdoor humidity. Verify the indoor and outdoor humidity match closely with the console and sensor array in the same location (about 5 to 10’ (1.5 to 3 meters) apart). The sensors should be within 10% (the accuracy is ± 5%). Allow about 30 minutes for both sensors to stabilize.

3.6 WiFi Setup Guide

For weather station models with WiFi function, you can start to set up wifi connection and weather data uploading. For details of this part, please refer to the separate “**WiFi Setup Guide**” Manual.

4. Sensors Pre-installation

4.1 Test the Sensors Before Installation

Recommend to operate and test the weather station for one week before installing it in the permanent location. In this period, you can check out all of the functions, ensure proper operation, and familiarize with the professional weather station and calibration procedures. This will also allow you to test the wireless range of the weather station.

4.2 Site Survey Before Before Installation

Do a site survey before installing the weather station. Take the following points into Consider:

1. You must clean the rain gauge once per year and change the batteries every two years. Provide as easy access to the weather station.

2. Avoid radiant heat transfer from buildings and structures. In general, install the sensor array at least 5ft (1.5m) from any building, structure, ground, or roof top.

3. Avoid wind and rain obstructions. The rule of thumb is to install the sensor array at least four times the distance of the height of the tallest obstruction. For example, if the building is 20ft (6m) tall and the mounting pole is 6ft (2m) tall, install $4 \times (20 - 6) = 56\text{ft}$ (17m) away. Use common sense. If the weather station is installed next to a tall building, the wind and rain will not be accurate.

4. **Wireless Range.** The radio communication between display console and transmitter in an open field can reach a distance of up to 330ft (100m), assume there are no interfering obstacles such as buildings, trees, vehicles, high voltage lines. Wireless radio signals will not penetrate metal buildings. Most wireless applications will only reach up to 100ft (30m) due to building obstructions, walls and interference.

5. Radio interference such as PCs, radios or TV sets can, in the worst case, entirely cut off radio communication. Please take this into consideration when choosing display console or mounting locations.

4.3 Best Practices for Wireless Communication

Wireless communication is susceptible to other interference, such as distance, walls and metal barriers. We recommend the following best and useful practices for trouble-free wireless communication.

1. Electro-Magnetic Interference (EMI). Keep the console several feet away from computer monitors and TVs.

2. Radio Frequency Interference (RFI). If you have other 433 MHz devices and communication is intermittent, try turning off these other devices for troubleshooting purposes. You may need to relocate the wireless transmitters or receivers to avoid intermittent communication.

3. Line of Sight Rating. This device is rated at 300ft line of sight (no

interference, barriers or walls) but typically you will get 100ft maximum under most real-world installations, which include passing through barriers or walls.


4. Metal Barriers. Radio frequency will not pass through metal barriers such as aluminum siding. If you have metal siding, align the remote and console through a window to get a clear line of sight. The following is a table of reception loss vs. the transmission medium. Each “wall” or obstruction decreases the transmission range by the factor shown below.

Medium	RF Signal Strength Reduction
Glass (untreated)	5-15%
Plastics	10-15%
Wood	10-40%
Brick	10-40%
Concrete	40-80%
Metal	90-100%

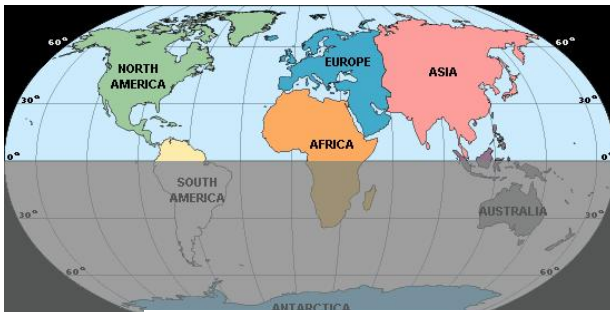
5. Final Installation of Sensors

5.1 Integrated Outdoor Sensor Installation

This Professional Weather Station can be used in both the Northern and Southern Hemispheres. Prior to installation, you will need to calibrate the wind direction.

 **Note:** There are four alphabet letter of N, E, S and W around the wind direction.(N is North, E is East, S is South, W is West)

Northern Hemispheres



Southern Hemispheres

Figure 20

5.1.1 Northern Hemispheres (NOR) References.

The cardinal directions (N, S, E, W) molded on the body of the outdoor sensor are indicators for the Northern Hemisphere only.

Step 1: There is a “S” indicator on the wind vane that indicates South, as shown in Figure 21. Check the wind directions with compass and Align this “S” marker in the direction of south.

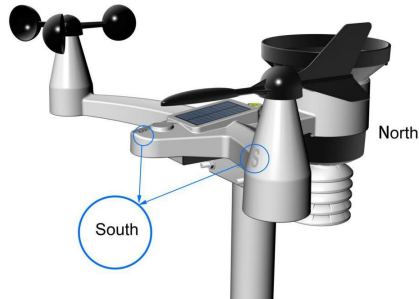


Figure 21

Step 2: Console operation set to Northern Hemispheres(**NOR** in the time area) in Location division. (Check the detailed step of setting the time area in the part 17 of Chapter 7.2)

5.1.2 Southern Hemispheres (SOU) References.

For Southern Hemisphere installations, ignore the direction (N, S, E, W), and face **the solar panel to the North** (and in a sunny position) when it comes to install the Integrated outdoor sensor, as show in figure 22.

Step 1: Install the Integrated outdoor transmitter and face the solar panel to the North.

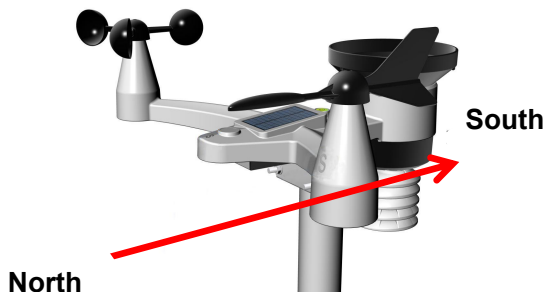



Figure 22

Step 2: Console operation set to Southern Hemispheres(**SOU** in the time area) in Location division. (Check the detailed step of setting the time area in the part 17 of Chapter 7.2)

 **Note:** The location division (NOR or SOU) on the Display Console and the directions of the sensor have to be adjusted to match with your real location.

If the wind direction sensor is not positioned correctly during installation, permanent wind direction error will be introduced.

5.1.3 Mounting & Fixing the Sensor Horizontally

Fasten the integrated outdoor sensor to the mounting pole. U-Bolts accept a mounting pole (not included) diameter of 30-45mm.

1)Insert the iron pipe(Mounting pole) into the U-bolt.

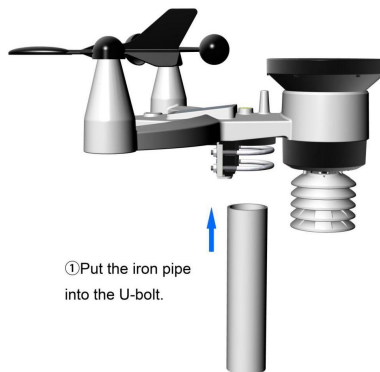


Figure 23


2)Place the washer and the nuts on the U-bolts, and use the wrench to rotate clockwise and tightly.



Figure 24

5.2 Thermo-hygrometer Sensor Installation

It is recommended you mount the Thermo-hygrometer sensor outside in a shaded area.

 **Note:** The North facing wall is preferred because it is in the shade most of the day. The direct sunlight and radiant heat sources will result in inaccurate temperature readings.

The sensor is water resistant, it is best to mount in a well protected area, such as under an eave. Use a screw or nail (not included) to affix the remote sensor to the wall, the sensor can also lay flat or on the table, as shown in Figure 25.



Figure 25

6. Low Battery Icon


A low battery indicator icon is shown in the display window for thermo-hygrometer sensor/integrated outdoor sensor.


When the low battery icon appears (The thermo-hygrometer battery voltage is lower than 2.4V. The Integrated outdoor sensor battery voltage is lower than 3.6V), replace the batteries in the sensor with fresh batteries.

Be sure to never mix old and new batteries, and never mix battery types such as alkaline and lithium together.

7. Display Console Operation

7.1 Quick Display Mode

 **Note:** The display console has five keys for easy operation: **MAX/MIN/-** key, **ALARM** key, **SET/MODE** key, **CHANNEL/+** and **SNOOZE** key.

 **Note:** To exit the Quick Display Mode at any time, press the **SNOOZE** key of the display console.

While in Normal Mode, press (do not hold) the **SET/MODE** key to enter the Quick Display Mode as follows:

- ◆ Once for time, time/week and date
- ◆ Twice for indoor temperature
- ◆ Three for rainfall.
- ◆ Four for outdoor dew point
- ◆ Five for wind average
- ◆ Six for pressure
- ◆ Seven for sensor dew point

1. Time, Time/Week and Date. Press the *CHANNEL/+* or *MAX/MIN/-* key to toggle between time, time/week and date.

2. Indoor Temperature. Press the *CHANNEL/+* or *MAX/MIN/-* key to toggle between temperature and dew point

3. Rainfall. Press the *CHANNEL/+* or *MAX/MIN/-* key to toggle between rate, 24h, week, month and total.

4. To clear the total rain, press the *CHANNEL/+* or *MAX/MIN/-* button until total rain is displayed. The total rain will flash. Press and hold the **SET** button for five seconds until total rain reads 0.0.

5. Outdoor Dew Point. Press the *CHANNEL/+* or *MAX/MIN/-* key to toggle between AT (Apparent Temperature) and dew point.


6. Wind Average. Press the *CHANNEL/+* or *MAX/MIN/-* key to toggle between current, 2mins and 10 minutes.


7. Absolute Pressure and Relative Pressure. Press the *CHANNEL/+* or *MAX/MIN/-* key to toggle between absolute pressure and relative pressure.

8. Sensor Dew Point. Press the *CHANNEL/+* or *MAX/MIN/-* key to toggle between sensor heat index and dew point.

7.2 Set (Program) Mode

While in Normal Mode, **press and hold** the **SET/MODE** key for at least three seconds to enter the Set Mode. The first setting will begin flashing. You can press the **SET/MODE** key again to skip any step, as defined below.

 **Note:** In the Set mode, press the **CHANNEL/+** key or **MAX/MIN/-** key to change or scroll the setting value. Hold the **CHANNEL/+** key or **MAX/MIN/-** key for three seconds to increase/decrease rapidly.

 **Note:** To exit the Set mode at any time, press the **SNOOZE** button of the display console.

1. Time SYNC(default: ON). Press the *SET/MODE* key again to set the network time sync. Press the *CHANNEL/+* key or *MAX/MIN/-* key to switch between SYNC time ON/OFF of measure. Synchronize the time of the device with WiFi.

2. 12/24 Hour Format (default: 24h). Press the *SET/MODE* key again to adjust the 12/24 hour format setting (FMT). Press the *CHANNEL/+* key or *MAX/MIN/-* key to change between 12 hour and 24 hour format.

3. Change Hour. press the *SET/MODE* key again to set the hour. Press the *CHANNEL/+* key or *MAX/MIN/-* key to adjust the hour up or down. During afternoon hours the PM icon will display.

4. Change Minute. Press the *SET/MODE* key again to set the minute. Press the *CHANNEL/+* key or *MAX/MIN/-* key key to adjust the minute up or down.

5. Date Format (default: MM-DD). Press the *SET/MODE* key again to enter the Day/Month format mode. Press the *CHANNEL/+* or *MAX/MIN/-* key to switch between M-D, D-M.

6. Change Month. Press the *SET/MODE* key again to set the calendar month. Press the *CHANNEL/+* key or *MAX/MIN/-* key to adjust the calendar month.

7. Change Day. Press the *SET/MODE* key again to set the calendar day. Press the *CHANNEL/+* key or *MAX/MIN/-* key to adjust the calendar day.

8. Change Year. Press the *SET/MODE* key again to set the calendar year. Press the *CHANNEL/+* key or *MAX/MIN/-* key to adjust the calendar year.

9. Max/Min Clearing (default: ON). Press the *SET/MODE* key again to set the Max/Min clearing mode (CLR). The Max/Min can be programmed to clear daily (at midnight) or manually. Press the *CHANNEL/+* key or *MAX/MIN/-* key to switch between ON (Clears 24h) and OFF (Manually).

10. Temperature Units of Measure (default: °C):. Press the *SET/MODE* key again to change the temperature units of measure. Press the *CHANNEL/+* key or *MAX/MIN/-* key to switch between °F and °C units of measure.

11. Wind Speed Units of Measure (default: m/s). Press the *SET/MODE* key again to change the wind speed units of measure . Press the *CHANNEL/+* key or *MAX/MIN/-* key to toggle the wind speed units between m/s, km/h, mph, knots, bft or ft/s.

12. Rainfall Units of Measure (default: mm). Press the *SET/MODE* key again to change the Rainfall units of measure. Press *CHANNEL/+* key or *MAX/MIN/-* key to toggle the rainfall units between mm and in.

13. Barometric Pressure Display Units(default: hPa). Press the *SET/MODE* key again to change the pressure units of measure. Press the *CHANNEL/+* key or *MAX/MIN/-* key to toggle the pressure units between mmHg, inHg or hPa.

14. Pressure Threshold Setting (default level 2). Press the *SET/MODE* key again to change the pressure threshold. Press the *CHANNEL/+* key or *MAX/MIN/-* key to change pressure threshold 2 hPa to 4 hPa. (For detailed information of this part please refer to 10.5)


15. Weather Icons Setting (default: partly cloudy). Press the *SET/MODE* key again to change the initial weather icon. Press the

CHANNEL/+ key or *MAX/MIN/-* key to select the initial weather icon of Sunny, Cloudy, Partly Cloudy or Rainy. (For detailed information of this part please refer to 10.2)

16. Sunlight Display Units (default: W/m^2). Press the *SET/ MODE* key again to change the sunlight units of measure. Press the *CHANNEL/+* key or *MAX/MIN/-* key to toggle the sunlight units between , W/m^2 , fc or lux.

17. Location Division. (default: Southern Hemisphere). Press the *SET/MODE* key again to change the location division. Press the *CHANNEL/+* key or *MAX/MIN/-* key to toggle the position of the earth Northern Hemisphere (NOR) or Southern Hemisphere (SOU). (**Refer to 5.0 Final Installation of Sensors**)

7.3 Channel Selection Mode

Press the ***CHANNEL/+*** button to switch the sensor display between remote thermo-hygrometer sensors 1 through 8, and scroll mode . In scroll mode, all of the detected thermo-hygrometer sensors will be displayed in five second intervals.

7.4 Sensors Search Mode

If a sensor loses communication, dashes (---) will be displayed. If a specific channel is lost, press the ***CHANNEL/+*** button to display that channel prior to entering the search mode.


To reacquire the lost signal, press and hold the ***CHANNEL/+*** button for 3 seconds to enter the sensor search mode.

The icon **AIO** will appear in the time area. You can synchronize one or all of individual sensors. press the ***CHANNEL/+*** key or ***MAX/MIN/-*** key to toggle between the following sensors:

- ◆ **AIO.** Synchronizes Integrated outdoor transmitter
- ◆ **CH*.** Synchronizes Channel 1-8 Sensors (dependent on which


channel is displayed before entering the Sensor Search Mode).

- ◆ **ALL.** Synchronizes All Sensors.
- ◆ **NOT.** Do nothing and exit the Sensor Search Mode.

After selecting one of the above options, press the **SET/MODE** key to re-sync, and the display will return to normal mode. **Do not press any buttons** until the synchronization is complete. The remote search icon  will display constantly for 3 minutes until the signal is reacquired.

7.5 Max/Min Viewing and Reset Mode

7.5.1 Max Record Viewing and Reset

 **Note:** If you own more than one thermo-hygrometer sensor, the minimum and maximum value of all sensors will be cleared in the reset mode.


In normal mode, press (do not hold) the **MAX/MIN/-** key, the **MAX** icon will be displayed in date area.

Press the **SET/MODE** key to view Max values of rainfall (rate, 24h, week or month), wind (Gust and Average), pressure (ABS or REL), UV and Sunlight, outdoor temp and humidity (AT and feels like), indoor temp and humidity (temperature or dew point) and sensor temperature and humidity, sensor dew point (heat index).

Press the **CHANNEL/+** button to switch the display between remote thermo-hygrometer sensors 1 through 8 to view Max values.

Press the **MAX/MIN/-** key for three seconds to clear all Max values.(Rainfall, wind speed, wind gust, pressure, temperature and humidity maximum values).

Press the **SNOOZE** key to exit the min/max checking and reset mode, return to normal display mode.

 **Note:** The Maximum values will display the current values after reset.

7.5.2 Min Record Viewing and Reset

Press the **MAX/MIN/-** key again (do not hold), the **MIN** icon will be displayed. Press the **SET/MODE** key to view Min values of pressure (ABS or REL), outdoor temperature and humidity((AT and feels like), indoor temperature and humidity(temperature or dew point), sensor temperature and humidity, sensor dew point(heat index).

Press the **CHANNEL/+** button to switch the display between remote thermo-hygrometer sensors 1 through 8 to view Min values.

Press the **MAX/MIN/-** key for three seconds to clear all Min values.(pressure, temperature and humidity minimum values).

Press the **SNOOZE** key to exit the min/max checking and reset mode, return to normal display mode.

 **Note:** The Minimum values will display the current values after reset.

7.6 Snooze Mode

If the alarm sounds, and you wish to silence the alarm, press the **SNOOZE** key, the backlight will turn on. The alarm icon will continue to flash and the alarm will silence for five minute.

Press any key (**MIN/MAX,SET/MODE,ALARM,CHANNEL**) to permanently exit the **Snooze** mode.

7.7 Backlight Mode


7.7.1 Adjustable Brightness of Backlight


There are 3 levels of brightness of display backlight. When the backlight is on, press **SNOOZE** key to switch between the 3 levels.

When backlight is off, press and hold the **SNOOZE** key for three

seconds, the backlight will turn on permanently, and **BL ON** icon will be displayed for three seconds in the date area.

To turn off the display backlight at any time, press and hold the **SNOOZE** key for two seconds. **BL OFF** icon will be displayed for three seconds in the date area.

 **Note:** If the display console plugged into AC adapter power, the time area will display AC ON and the backlight will remain on. It is not recommended leaving the display backlight on for a long period of time when operating on batteries only, or the batteries will run out quickly.

 **Note:** The backlight operation is different when operating on batteries to save power.


If the display console only powered by batter, and backlight is off, press the **SNOOZE** button once, the backlight will turn on for five seconds. If no operation is performed for three seconds, the backlight will turn off.

8. Alarm Mode

The weather station includes the following alarms:

- ◆ Time (Alarm 1 and Alarm 2)
- ◆ Outdoor Temperature
- ◆ Outdoor Humidity
- ◆ Outdoor AT(Apparent Temperature)
- ◆ Outdoor Dew Point
- ◆ Outdoor Feels Like Temperature
- ◆ Wind Gust
- ◆ Wind Average
- ◆ Rate Rainfall
- ◆ 24 Hour Rainfall
- ◆ Absolute Pressure
- ◆ Relative Pressure
- ◆ Indoor Temperature
- ◆ Indoor Humidity
- ◆ Indoor Dew Point
- ◆ UV Index
- ◆ Sunlight
- ◆ Sensor(CH1) Temperature
- ◆ Sensor(CH1) Humidity
- ◆ Sensor(CH1) Heat Index
- ◆ Sensor(CH1) Dew Point

8.1 Alarm Triggered

When an alarm condition is exceeded, the alarm icon  (visual) will flash and the alarm beeper will sound (audible). To silence the beeper, press any key.


8.2 View High/Low Alarms Value

To view the current alarm settings, press the **ALARM** key to enter the alarm mode. HI AL 1 will be displayed in the date area. At the same time Alarm 1 time and HI alarm parameters of indoor temperature and humidity, outdoor temperature and humidity, rain rate, AT, feels like, wind gust, wind average, absolute pressure, UV index, Sunlight, Sensor(CH1) temp humidity and dew point are displayed.

Press **SET/MODE** key to view Alarm 2 time and HI alarm parameters of indoor dew point, 24h rainfall, outdoor dew point, relative pressure and Sensor(CH1) heat index.

Press **ALARM** key again to view the LOW alarms along with the alarm clock time in the same way as HI alarms.

Press **ALARM** key again to return to normal mode.

 **Note:** Press the **SNOOZE** key at any time to return to the normal mode in HI/Low alarm mode.

8.3 Setting the Alarms

Press **ALARM** key to enter the alarm mode.

Press and hold the **SET/MODE** key for three seconds. The first alarm parameter will begin flashing (alarm hour).

To save the alarm setting and proceed to the next alarm parameter, Press (do not hold) the **SET/MODE** key.

To adjust the alarm parameter, press the **CHANNEL/+** key or **MAX/MIN/-** key to increase or decrease the alarm settings, or press and


hold the **CHANNEL/+** key or **MAX/MIN/-** key for three seconds to increase or decrease the alarm settings rapidly.

Press the **ALARM** key to turn on (the alarm icon will appear) and off the alarm.


Press the **SNOOZE** key twice at any time to return to the normal mode. After 30 seconds of inactivity, the alarm mode will time out and return to normal mode.

The following is a list of the individual alarm parameters that are set (in order):

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1.Alarm hour(alarm 1) | 20.Absolute pressure low alarm |
| 2.Alarm minute(alarm 1) | 21.Relative pressure HI alarm |
| 3.Alarm hour(alarm 2) | 22.Relative pressure low alarm |
| 4.Alarm minute(alarm 2) | 23.Indoor temp HI alarm |
| 5.Outdoor temp HI alarm | 24.Indoor temp low alarm |
| 6.Outdoor temp low alarm | 25.Indoor humidity HI alarm |
| 7.Outdoor humidity HI alarm | 26.Indoor humidity low alarm |
| 8.Outdoor humidity low alarm | 27.Indoor dew point HI alarm |
| 9.Outdoor AT high alarm | 28.Indoor dew point low alarm |
| 10.Outdoor AT low alarm | 29.UV Index HI alarm |
| 11.Outdoor dew point HI alarm | 30.Sunlight HI alarm |
| 12.Outdoor dew point low alarm | 31.CH1 Temp HI alarm |
| 13.Outdoor feels like HI alarm | 32.CH1 Temp low alarm |
| 14.Outdoor feels like low alarm | 33.CH1 Humidity HI alarm |
| 15.Wind Gust HI alarm | 34.CH1 Humidity low alarm |
| 16.Wind Average HI alarm | 35.CH1 Heat Index HI alarm |
| 17.Rainfall (RATE) HI alarm | 36.CH1 Heat Index low alarm |
| 18.Rainfall (24h) HI alarm | 37.CH1 Dew Point HI alarm |
| 19.Absolute pressure HI alarm | 38.CH1 Dew Point low alarm |

 **Note:** To prevent repetitive temperature alarming, there is a 0.9 °F(0.5°C) tolerance band. For example, if you set the high alarm to 80.0°F(26.7°C) and silence the alarm, the alarm icon will continue to

flash until the temperature falls below 79.1°F (26.2°C), at which point, the alarm will reset and must increase above 80.0°F(26.7°C) to activate again.

 **Note:** To prevent repetitive alarming of humidity, there is a 4% tolerance band in humidity alarm. For example, if you set the high alarm to 60% and silence the alarm, the alarm icon will continue to flash until the humidity falls below 56%, at which point, the alarm will reset and must increase above 60% to activate again.


8.4 Alarm and Key Beeper ON/OFF


Press any button to silence the alarm sound.

In normal mode, press and hold the **ALARM** key for three seconds to toggle the **BZ ON** (beeper on) or **BZ OFF** (beeper off) depending on the current setting.

Display console return to normal mode without any operation in three seconds.

9. Optional Calibration Mode

 **Note:** The calibrated value can only be adjusted on the display console. The outdoor remote sensor(s) always displays the un-calibrated or measured value.

 **Note:** The measured humidity range is between 10% and 99%. Humidity cannot be accurately measured outside of this range. Thus, the humidity cannot be calibrated below 10% or above 99%.

The purpose of calibration is to fine tune or correct for any sensor error associated with the devices margin of error. The measurement can be adjusted from the console to calibrate to a known source.

Calibration is only useful if you have a known calibrated source you can compare it against, and is optional. This section discusses practices, procedures and sources for sensor calibration to reduce manufacturing

and degradation errors. Do not compare your readings obtained from sources such as the internet, radio, television or newspapers. They are in a different location and typically update once per hour.

The purpose of your weather station is to measure conditions of your surroundings, which vary significantly from location to location.

The profession weather station supports up to eight remote thermo-hygrometer sensors. Each of the eight sensors can be calibrated.

9.1 Calibration of Temperature Mode

In normal mode, press and hold the **SET/MODE** and **CHANNEL/+** keys at the same time for five seconds to enter the temp calibration mode. The indoor temperature will begin flashing.

Press the **CHANNEL/+** key or **MAX/MIN/-** key to increase or decrease the temperature reading (in increments of 0.1). Press and hold the **CHANNEL/+** key or **MAX/MIN/-** key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the **ALARM** key to reset current value.

Press the **SET/MODE** key switch to outdoor Temperature. Press the **SET/MODE** key again to sensor temperature (1through 8).

To exit the console temperature calibration mode, press the **SNOOZE** or **SET/MODE** button on the console. If no operation is performed, the calibration mode will timeout in 30 seconds.

9.2 Calibration of Humidity Mode

In normal mode, press and hold the **SET/MODE** and **MAX/MIN/-** keys at the same time for five seconds to enter into the humidity calibration mode. The indoor humidity will begin flashing.

Press the **CHANNEL/+** key or **MAX/MIN/-** key to increase or decrease the humidity reading (in increments of 1%). Press and hold the **CHANNEL/+** key or **MAX/MIN/-** key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the **ALARM** key to reset current value.

Press the **SET/MODE** key switch to outdoor humidity. Press the **SET/MODE** key again to sensor humidity (1through 8).

To exit the console humidity calibration mode, press the **SNOOZE** or **SET/MODE** button on the display console. If no operation is performed, the calibration mode will timeout in 30 seconds.



Note: The Humidity is a difficult parameter to measure accurately and drifts over time. The calibration feature allows you to zero out this error. To calibrate humidity, you will need an accurate source, such as a sling psychrometer or Humidipaks One Step Calibration kit.

9.3 Calibration of Sensors Mode

In normal mode, press and hold the **SET/MODE** and **ALARM** keys at the same time for five seconds to enter the pressure, wind gust, rainfall and sunlight calibration mode. The letter “CAL” will appear on the screen.

Press the **SET/MODE** key to skip over a parameter to the next.

◆ Absolute Pressure Calibration

In the calibration mode, the “ABS” symbol will display at the pressure section, the absolute pressure value will flash. (The default value is 0.00 inHg)

Press the **CHANNEL/+** key or **MAX/MIN/-** key to increase or decrease the absolute pressure value (in increments of 0.01 inHg).

Press and hold the **CHANNEL/+** or **MAX/MIN/-** key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the **ALARM** key to reset current value.

Example: The calibrated pressure sources measure 28.37 inHg. The display console pressure reads 28.75 inHg.

Offset = $28.37 - 28.75 = -0.38$ inHg

◆ **Relative Pressure Calibration**

In the calibration mode, press the **SET/MODE** key once, the “REL” symbol will display at the pressure section, the relative pressure value will flash. (The default value is 0.00 inHg)


Press the **CHANNEL/+** key or **MAX/MIN/-** key to increase or decrease the relative pressure value (in increments of 0.01 inHg).

Press and hold the **CHANNEL/+** or **MAX/MIN/-** key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the **ALARM** key to reset current value.

Example: The calibrated pressure sources measure 25.00 inHg. The display console pressure reads 24.85 inHg.

Offset = $25.00 - 24.85 = 0.15$ inHg

 **Note:** The display console displays two different pressures: absolute (measured) and relative (corrected to sea-level).

To compare pressure conditions from one location to another, meteorologists correct the pressure to sea-level conditions. Because the air pressure decreases as you rise in altitude, the sea-level

corrected pressure (the pressure your location would be at if located at sea-level) is generally higher than your measured pressure. Thus, your absolute pressure may read 28.62 inHg (969 mb) at an altitude of 1000 feet (305 m), but the relative pressure is 30.00 inHg (1016 mb).

The standard sea-level pressure is 29.92 in Hg (1013.2hpa). This is the average sea-level pressure around the world. Relative pressure measurements greater than 29.92 inHg (1013.2hpa) are considered high pressure and relative pressure measurements less than 29.92 inHg are considered low pressure.

To determine the relative pressure for your location, locate an official reporting station near from you (the internet is the best source for real-time barometer conditions, such as the website of Weather.com or Wunderground.com), and set your weather station to match the official reporting station.

◆ **Wind Speed Calibration**


In the calibration mode, press the **SET/MODE** button twice and the wind speed value will flash (the default is 1.00).


Press the **CHANNEL/+** key or **MAX/MIN/-** key to adjust the wind speed calibration factor from 0.75 to 1.25, where:

Calibrated Wind Speed = Calibration factor x Measured Wind Speed

Press and hold the **CHANNEL/+** or **MAX/MIN/-** key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the **ALARM** key to reset current value.

 **Note:** The wind gust is also affected by the wind speed calibration factor.

 **Discussion:** Wind speed and wind gust are adversely affected by installation constraints. The rule of thumb is to install the weather station four times the distance of the height of the tallest obstruction (for example, a 6m(20ft) house would require an installation 24m(80ft) away).

In many instances, due to trees and other obstructions, this is not possible. The wind speed calibration allows you to correct for these obstructions.

In addition to installation challenges, wind speed bearings (any moving part) wears over time. To correct for wear, the correction value can be increased until the wind cups must be replaced.

Without a calibrated source, wind speed is a difficult parameter to measure. We recommend using a calibrated wind meter and constant, high speed fan.

◆ Rain Calibration


In the calibration mode, press the **SET/MODE** button three times and the rain value will flash (the default is 1.00).

Press the **CHANNEL/+** key or **MAX/MIN/-** key to adjust the rain calibration factor from 0.75 to 1.25, where:

Calibrated Rain = Calibration factor x Measured Rain

Press and hold the **CHANNEL/+** or **MAX/MIN/-** key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the **ALARM** key to reset current value.

 **Discussion:** The rain collector is calibrated at the factory based on the funnel diameter. The bucket tips every 0.01” of rain (referred to as

resolution). The accumulated rainfall can be compared to a sight glass rain gauge with an aperture of at least 4”.



Note: that debris and insects can collect inside the tipping mechanism (they make a good spiders nest). Carefully remove the funnel and inspect the tipping mechanism for debris prior to calibration.

◆ Sunlight Calibration

In the calibration mode, press the **SET/MODE** button four times and the sunlight value will flash (the default is 1.00).

Press the **CHANNEL/+** key or **MAX/MIN/-** key to adjust the sunlight calibration factor from 0.75 to 1.25, where:

Calibrated Sunlight = Calibration factor x Measured Sunlight

Press and hold the **CHANNEL/+** or **MAX/MIN/-** key for three seconds to increase or decrease rapidly.

Press the **ALARM** key to reset current value. Press the **SET/MODE** Key again return to normal mode.

10. Other Features of Display Console

10.1 Weather Forecasting







Note: The weather forecast or pressure tendency is based on the rate of change of barometric pressure. In general, when the pressure increases, the weather improves (sunny to partly cloudy) and when the pressure decreases, the weather degrades (cloudy to rain).

The weather forecast is an estimation or generalization of weather changes in the next 24 to 48 hours, and varies from location to location. The tendency is simply a tool for projecting weather changing

conditions and is never to be relied upon as an accurate method to predict the weather.

10.2 Weather Icons

Condition	Icon	Description
Sunny		Pressure is rising and the previous condition is partly cloudy.
Partly Cloudy		Pressure is falling and the previous condition is sunny or pressure is rising and the previous condition is cloudy
Cloudy		Pressure is falling and the previous condition is partly cloudy or pressure is rising and the previous condition is rainy.
Rainy		Pressure is falling and the previous condition is cloudy

10.3 Moon Phase

The following moon phases are displayed based on the calendar date.

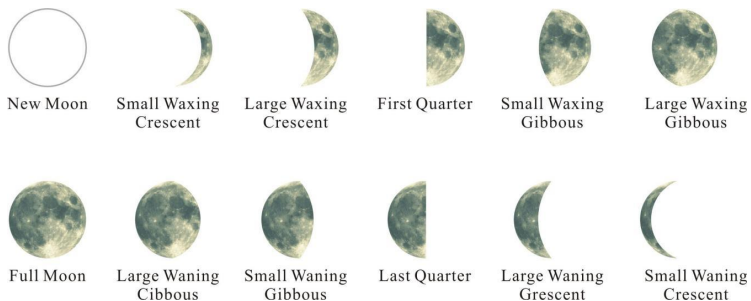


Figure 26

10.4 Feels Like and AT

10.4.1 Feels Like Temperature

Feels like temperature is a combination of Heat Index and Wind Chill.

1. Temperatures less than 4.4°C(40°F), the wind chill is displayed, as shown in the National Weather Service Wind Chill Table below:

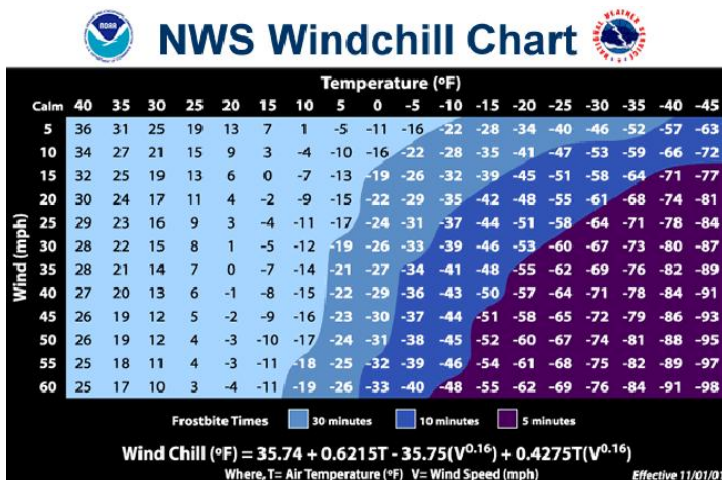


Figure 27

2. Temperatures greater than 26.7°C(80°F), the heat index is displayed, as shown in the National Weather Service Heat Index Table below:

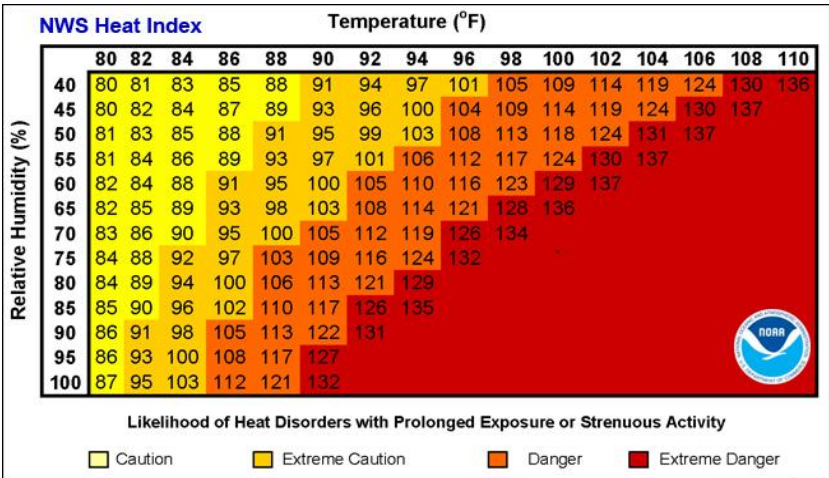


Figure 28

10.4.2 Apparent Temperature (AT)

AT is a linear regression that is not restricted, and is more appropriate to outside conditions because it includes wind, and was intended as an assessment of what exposed body surfaces feel like in cold, windy conditions

Regression equations of this universal scale are formulated for indoors, outdoors in shade but exposed to wind, and outdoors exposed to wind and solar radiation. Of these, outdoors in shade but exposed to wind, has been chosen as most informative.

10.5 Pressure Threshold Setting

The pressure threshold (the negative or positive rate of change of pressure signifying a change in the weather) can be adjusted from 2 hPa to 4 hPa (default level 2 hPa).

The lower the level pressure threshold setting, the higher sensitivity for weather forecast changes. Locations that experience frequent changes in air pressure require a higher setting compared to locations where the air pressure is typically stagnant.

10.6 Restore Factory Default

To reset the display console to factory default (WiFi network, Weather server and display), press the **Min/Max** button and re-plug the indoor display console at the same time to factory reset. (Take out batteries before starting the reset operation).

11. Maintenance

11.1 Replace the outdoor T/H sensor.

If you get problem in reading outdoor T/H readings, try to clean the sensor or replace with a new sensor following the below steps.

1) Unscrew and remove the 2 screws at the bottom of the radiation shield



Figure 29

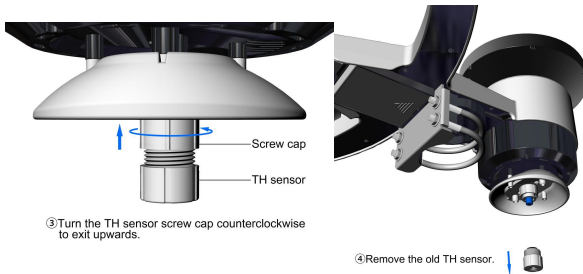
1) Gently remove the four shields (The top shield does not need to be removed)



② Gently remove the four shields
(only 4pcs detachable)

Figure 30

2) Carefully remove any dirt or insects on the sensor, or Carefully remove the old TH sensor and replace the new one (do not let the sensors inside get wet, Do not need to identify the direction of the sensor, but pay attention to that it must be installed in place, and the black waterproof ring just fits with the upper part.).



③ Turn the TH sensor screw cap counterclockwise
to exit upwards.

④ Remove the old TH sensor.

Figure 31

3) Clean the shield with water to remove any insects or dirt. Reinstall parts after fully cleaned or replace (The parts must identify the direction with symbol, otherwise the installation will not be successful).

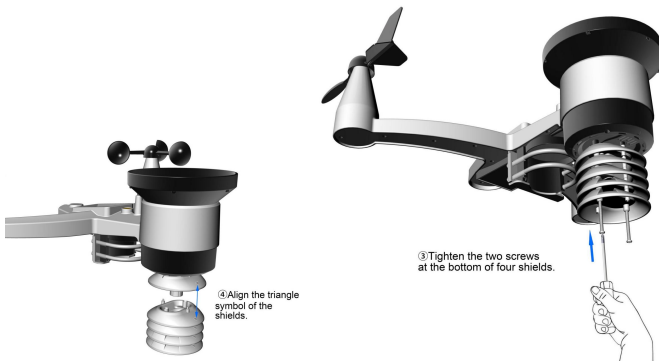
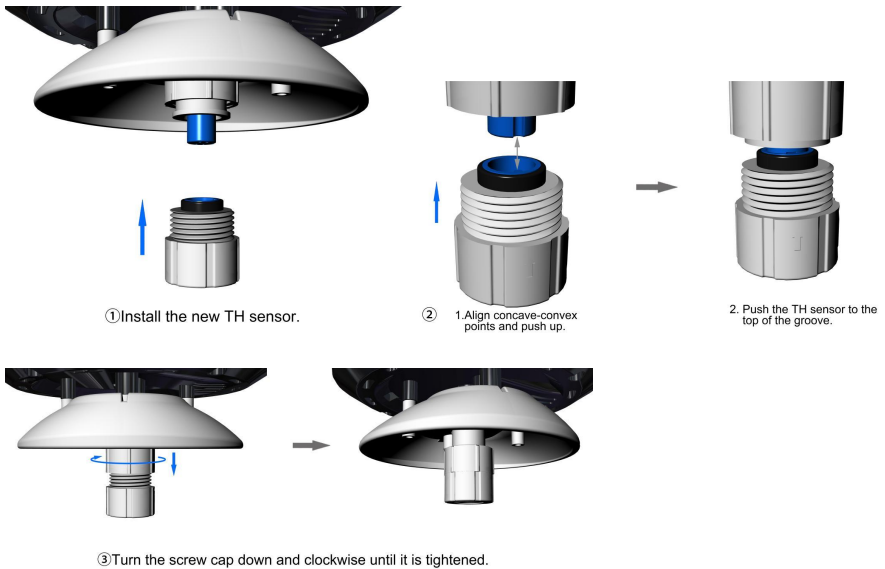


Figure 32

11.2 Clean the rain gauge of Integrated Outdoor Transmitter once every 3 months.

12. Trouble Shooting Guide

Problem	Solution
Wireless remote not reporting in to console.	If any of the sensor communication is lost, dashes (---) will be displayed on the screen. To reacquire the signal, press and hold the CHANNEL/+ button for 3 seconds, choose

<p>There are dashes (--.-) on the display console.</p>	<p>the lost sensor and the remote search icon will be constantly displayed. Once the signal is reacquired, the remote search icon will turn off, and the current values will be displayed.</p> <p>The maximum line of sight communication range is 100m (330ft) and 30m(100ft) under most conditions. Move the sensor assembly closer to the display console.</p> <p>If the sensor assembly is too close (less than 1.5m(5ft)), move the sensor assembly away from the display console.</p> <p>Make sure the remote sensor LCD display is working and the transmitter light is flashing once per 60 seconds.</p> <p>Install a fresh set of batteries in the remote thermo-hygrometer. For cold weather environments, install lithium batteries. Make sure the remote sensors are not transmitting through solid metal (acts as an RF shield), or earth barrier (down a hill). Move the display console around electrical noise generating devices, such as computers, TVs and other wireless transmitters or receivers. Move the remote sensor to a higher location. Move the remote sensor to a closer location.</p>
<p>Temperature sensor reads too high in the</p>	<p>Make sure the thermo-hygrometer is mounted in a shaded area. The pre preferred</p>

day time.	location is a north facing wall because it is in the shade most of the day.
Indoor and Outdoor Temperature do not agree	<p>Allow up to one hour for the sensors to stabilize due to signal filtering. The indoor and outdoor temperature sensors should agree within 2°C (4°F)(the sensor accuracy is $\pm 1^\circ\text{C}(\pm 2^\circ\text{F})$.</p> <p>Use the calibration feature to match the indoor and outdoor temperature to a known source.</p>
Indoor and Outdoor Humidity do not agree	<p>Allow up to one hour for the sensors to stabilize due to signal filtering. The indoor and outdoor humidity sensors should agree within 10 % (the sensor accuracy is $\pm 5 \%$).</p> <p>Use the calibration feature to match the indoor and outdoor humidity to a known source.</p>

13. Specifications

13.1 Measurement Specifications

The following table provides specifications for the measured parameters.

Measurement	Range	Accuracy	Resolution
Indoor Temperature	0 to 60 °C (32 to 140°F)	$\pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ ($\pm 2^\circ\text{F}$)	0.1 °C(°F)
Outdoor Temperature	-40 to 60 °C (-40 to 140°F)	$\pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ ($\pm 2^\circ\text{F}$)	0.1 °C(°F)

Indoor Humidity	10 to 99 %	± 5% (only guaranteed between 20 to 90%)	1 %
Outdoor Humidity	10 to 99 %	±5% (only guaranteed between 20 to 90%)	1 %
Sensors1-8 Temperature	-40 to 60 °C (-40 to 140°F)	± 1 °C (± 2°F)	0.1 °C(°F)
Sensors1-8 Humidity	10 to 99%	±5% (only guaranteed between 20 to 90%)	1 %
UV Index	1 to 15+	± 1	± 1
Sunlight	0 to 200klux	± 15%	± 15%
Rain	0 to 9999mm	<15mm:±1 mm, 15mm to 9999mm: ±7%	<1000mm (0.3mm) >1000mm (1mm)
Wind Direction	0 - 360°	±10° (16 point compass)	± 1° (16 point compass)
Wind Speed	0 to 50 m/s	2m/s~10m/s: ±0.3m/s, 10m/s ~50 m/s: ±10% (whichever is greater)	0.1 m/s

Barometric Pressure:	300 to 1100hpa	± 3 hpa	0.1 hpa
----------------------	----------------	---------	---------

13.2 Wireless Specifications

Wireless Transmit Range (in open air):	330ft (100m)
Frequency:	433MHz
Thermo-hygrometer Sensor Data Update Period:	60s
Integrated Outdoor Sensor Data Update Period:	16s

13.3 Power Consumption

Display Console	5.9V/500mA power adaptor (included) or 3 x AAA 1.5V Alkaline or Lithium batteries (not included)
Thermo-hygrometer Sensor :	2 x AAA alkaline batteries or Lithium batteries (not included)
Integrated Outdoor Sensor:	3xAAA alkaline batteries or Lithium batteries (not included), the batteries provide backup power when there is limited solar energy. Note: Solar panel doesn't charge the battery and it is an auxiliary power supply
Battery life:	Minimum 12 months for sensors (use lithium batteries in cold weather climates less than -20°C(-4°F).